Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1805. [No. 1318.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM
in hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds, tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

IRISH LINENS.

WILLIAM LADD
Has imported from DUBLIN, (via New-York)
a small invoice of
IRISH LINENS,
Which are well assorted; and will be sold low for cash or on short credit.
June 5.

BENJAMIN COCKE

Has received, and is now opening, a handsome assortment of SPRING GOODS, among which are,

Plain and Lace Cambrick Muslins,
Jeneau and Colonade do. India mull mull and book do, lace and embroidered muslin shawls, chambray muslin, Italian and India silks, chintz, callicoes, cambrick and common dimities, lace edging, wreaths, artificial flowers, white plumes, straw bonnets, silk and cotton hosiery, cotton cassimere, marseilles, janes, superfine cloths, patent woollen cord, Irish linen and sheeting, tick, osnburg, dowlas, platillas, hessians, gurrahs, baft, mammoodies, &c.
1 case gentlemens' London fashionable HATS.
May 31. d2w

10 pipes well flavor'd Holland
Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 case Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.
☞ *Cash given for Otter and Mink Skins.*
April 25. d

TO LET,

(ON WASHINGTON-STREET)
The House at present occupied by *Joseph Mandeville.* Possession may be had early June next. Apply to
Mandeville & Jamesson.
May 20. d

Just Published,
And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity,
OR AN
Address to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.
BY JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.
This work contains a compendium of ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern episcopacy* to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.
May 3. d

Just Received,
Per Brig Harmony, from Boston, by
Lawrason & Fowle;
Mould and dipt Candles,
Fresh Chocolate,
A few pipes Holland Gin, and a quantity of Plaister Paris.
New-England RUM in barrels.
June 1. d

Jonathan & Mahlon Scholfield

Have just received, via Philadelphia,
A large and general Assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Suitable to the season—consisting of
Irish linens, Irish and Russia diapers, dowlas, ticklenburgs, oznaburgs, brown Hollands, white platillas, Silesias, sheetings, checks, assorted; Harlem stripes, cambrick and jaconet muslins, book muslins, colored cambricks, laced cambricks, assorted; laced cambrick shawls, Beerboon gurrahs, mamodies, fine cossacs, fine baftas, and sannahs; muslins India chintz, India checks, Romal handkerchiefs, long and short yellow nankeens, blue and black ditto, Cotton cassimeres, assorted; dimities, assorted; Marseilles, assorted; India and Italian silks, assorted; sarcenets and peelongs, assorted; silk, cotton, and thread hosiery, Leghorn bonnets, silk and kid gloves, wash leather ditto, pins, tapes, threads, sewing silks, assorted; fans and buttons; and
A variety of other Articles,
In addition to their former stock, make a very complete assortment:
All of which they will sell low for cash, or good notes payable in Alexandria, at 60 days.
May 29.

JAMES SANDERSON

Has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.
4 puncheons second-proof Antigua Rum.
20 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen each.
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese.
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.
ALSO,
28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.
May 31. d

Mandeville & Jamesson

Are now landing, and offer for Sale,
10 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.
10 hogsheads Barbadoes Molasses.
8 hogsheads St. Croix Sugars.
English F and FF Gunpowder.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.
May 29. d

THE SUBSCRIBER,

AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.
—A SUPPLY OF—
Fresh teas, particularly selected,
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hhds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump sugars.
Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiskey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira, } WINES.
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga and
Port,
Claret in cases,
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,
Very best chocolate,
Dixon's best mustard,
Sallad oil, &c.
With a general assortment of groceries as usual.
The whole of which are of a superior quality, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14. d

Just received and for Sale,
By LAWRASON AND FOWLE,
5 bales Beerboon Gurrahs, of the first quality, entitled to Debenture.
25 boxes fresh Chocolate.
Also,
A quantity of first and second quality Russia and Ravens Duck.
May 28. d

20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Just received and for Sale on reasonable terms.
John & Thos. Vowell.
May 9. d

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY
THE SUBSCRIBER,
First and second quality Russia Duck
Short Yellow Nankeens
India Cottons
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson, and } *FRESH TEAS.*
Souchong
Burlington Pork
Whiskey and
300 bushels St. Kitts Salt.
DANIEL MURGATROYD.
May 6. d

NOW LANDING
From the brig Maria, captain Carew, and for Sale by
LAWRASON & FOWLE,
3000 pieces first chop Yellow Nankeens } *Entitled to Debenture.*
10 chests hyson & hyson skin TEAS
5 boxes China Bowles, containing 250 bowles each, and will be sold at 30 dollars per box.
20 casks fresh Malaga Raisins
2 pipes 4th proof Barcelona Brandy.
Also in store, just received,
10 chests Young Hyson, } TEAS,
9 do. Hyson Skin, } of the latest importation.
2 do. Souchong, }
6 bales Beerboon Gurrahs, of the first quality
50 lbs. Nutmegs and Cloves
70 bolts first and second quality Russia Duck
50 do. ditto Ravens do.
70 do. ditto heavy Ravens do. particularly made for ships' top-gallant and crafts sails.
4 pipes choice old Cogniac Brandy
1 half pipe do. particular Madeira Wine
4 pipes Holland Gin
Retailing Molasses
90 barrels No. 1 and 2 Beef } Boston inspection.
20 do. Pork }
3 casks Sperm. Oil for lamps
40 boxes mould and dipt Candles
50 do. brown Soap
20 boxes fresh Chocolate
10 do. Bristol Fig-blue
3 casks Glauber Salts
1 trunk Ladies Morocco shoes
1 ditto Morocco pocket books
Cotton and Morocco Suspenders.
May 9. d

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant assortment of goods, selected from the latest importations, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—
Superfine cloths and cassimeres,
Cotton cassimeres,
White and coloured jeans, nankeens and fustians,
Long and short nankeens,
Blue do.
White and coloured marseilles,
Waistcoating,
4-4 7-8, Irish linens, long lawns,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cotton,
Irish and Flanders sheeting,
Platillas,
Brittanias,
Silesias,
Silk, cotton and thread hosiery,
Diaper table cloths,
Napkins,
Chintz callicoes and coloured cambricks,
Dimities,
6-4 9-8, Cambrick muslins,
India, book, jaconet and mull mull, muslins,
Colonade and crossbarred striped cambrick ditto,
Lace,
6-4, Lace shawls,
Long ditto,
Super brocaded do.
English and French silk gloves.
Kid ditto,
Pic nic mitts,
English split straw bonnets,
Madrass and bandanna handkerchiefs,
Baftas,
Mammodies,
Gurrahs, &c. &c.
All of which he has determined to sell at the most reduced prices.
May 26. d

For Freight or Charter,

The fine strong Ship
CORDELIA,
Burthen 263 tons, entirely new, *A. Williston*, master; now daily expected at this port.
JOHN G. LADD.
June 10. d

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

THE SLOOP
POLLY, of Boston,
Burthen about 350 barrels, apply to Captain HEWES, on board at Hartshorne's wharf, or to
John G. Ladd.
June 10. d.

JUST RECEIVED,
By the Norfolk packet, captain JOHNSTON,
160 *bags Fine Liverpool SALT.*
A few tierces STONE-LIME, FOR SALE.
William Hodgson.
June 8. d.

CANDLES.

The Subscribers have received a consignment of 100 boxes of Mould CANDLES, the quality of which is stated to be extraordinary
—*For sale by*
Robert T. Hooe, & Co.
☞ Who wish to draw on Boston, for a few thousand Dollars at short sight.
May [illegible] eotf

To be Rented, for One Year,
(By the Subscribers)
A valuable Merchant-Mill, near the Little Falls of Potomac, with three pair French Burr-Mill-Stones, and every necessary machine complete for manufacturing flour, to the best advantage, and with as little manual labor as possible. Also,
A Brewery, Granary, Millers' and Brewers' Houses, Coopers Shops, &c. For terms apply to *Edmund I. Lee, esq.* in Alexandria.
Wm. HERBERT,
R. B. LEE,
Thos. SWANN,
Wm. B. PAGE, } *Trustees of Philip R. Fendall, deceased.*
May 7. eodtf.

GERMAN LINENS.

THE subscribers have received by the ship Hero, captain Cole, from Bremen, and offer for sale, on reasonable terms, for approved negociable paper;
—AN ASSORTMENT OF—
GERMAN LINENS.
—THEY HAVE LIKEWISE—
WINDOW GLASS,
of various sizes.
R. T. Hooe, & co.
May 23. edtf

I have Received,
PER UNITED STATES,
A few Tons PATENT SHOT and BAR LEAD.
ALSO,
100 Boxes PIPES.
W. Bartleman.
May 22. eotf

15000 wt. GREEN COFFE,
Of a very superior quality;
FOR SALE, by
William Bartleman.
May 10. d

Wants a Place, in a Store,
A young man, pretty well acquainted with business. Enquire of the Printer. May 28.

A POINTER LOST.

Missed, from the Union Tavern, in George-Town, on the 20th ultimo,
A WHITE POINTER PUPPY, about six months old, brown spots on his right ear and over his left eye—had on a brass collar with the subscriber's name scratched. Whoever will deliver said dog to me at the Union Tavern aforesaid, or give any information so that I may recover him, shall receive *Five Dollars* reward,
P. Vallett.
June 7. 3t

From the United States Gazette.

STATE POLITICS.

We have been waiting some days to see what remarks the friends of gov. M'Kean among the democrats would make upon the queer stories which our good republican and patriotic legislature have been telling about him; but as they seem to feel no inclination to the task, we must e'en make some for ourselves; and in the first place we remark that their address differs from most democratic productions which we have had the honor of perusing, inasmuch as it contains a great deal of truth; and secondly, that it very nearly resembles all other democratic productions, inasmuch as it contains a great deal of absurd inconsistency, and contradiction.

Now, as to the truth, we cannot but dwell upon it with peculiar satisfaction, because when coming from this source it appears not only in all its native beauty, but with the additional charm of *novelty*. We cannot, however, rank under this head the introductory remarks, in which our legislators compliment themselves upon their "*invariable moderation*," their exemplary "*patience and forbearance*," and their declaration that "*principles and not men are the objects of their contests.*" As this is just such stuff as we can always find in abundance in the Aurora, and other papers of the faction, we pass it over, and proceed to the account which they give of Mr. M'Kean's original nomination to the office which he at present holds. They state it in the following manner.

"At the meeting of a few decided and influential men, to whom the selection of a candidate for the office of governor was tacitly referred, several gentlemen were brought into view from different parts of the state. On the first nomination, Thomas M'Kean had the least support; many of those who had assembled were apprehensive that his AUSTERITY and ARISTOCRATICAL HABITS would render him unsuitable for the chief magistracy of an unostentatious people; they saw in him a man of strong mind, biassed by a bigotted attachment to a particular class of men, confirmed by years of professional contention and domination in courts of law."

Here it is acknowledged that while they were extolling the republican sentiments and manners of M'Kean, for the purpose of promoting him to the chief magistracy, they, in their hearts considered him as *austere, aristocratical*, and *bigotted*. Now what must we think of men, of legislators, who begin their address to the people by declaring that "principles and not men have been the objects of their contest," and in the next column tell us that they knowingly selected for the chief magistrate of an unostentatious people a man notorious for his austerity and *aristocratical habits*! For shame, gentlemen legislators! we always knew that in your political conduct you disregarded integrity and principle; but we were not aware that you would have the audacity thus openly to proclaim your depravity. Whether Mr. M'Kean was actually immoral and intemperate in his habits (as is alledged in the Aurora) violent in his passions, haughty, domineering, and aristocratic in his character and manners, it is not our present purpose to enquire. It is enough, that by their own confession *they* so considered him when they selected him from all other men in the state to be our chief magistrate. Whether they have now a better opinion of Mr. Snyder than they then had of Mr. Mr. M'Kean must be left to some future quarel to disclose.

After meeting with the above account of the character of Mr. M'Kean at the time he was pitched upon by the democrats for governor, I was curious to see what they would find by way of a set off to justify the choice of a man of such austere and aristocratical habits.——I soon discovered it, in the close of the same paragraph.——They say "MR. M'KEAN, took occasion to hurl at the heads of "*traitors, tories, refugees, and apostate whigs*" a fulminat on which exceeded the expectations of the republicans." This was indeed sufficient to cover a multitude of sins. It was so like the vulgar language of the newspapers of the party that very probably some of them really began to imagine that there was something democratic in the man. Of course, as we are told by our legislators, "he was taken up and elected by the great body of the farmers of Pennsylvania, in opposition to the whole influence of the federal government, the mercantile interest, and all that were *aristocratical* or disposed to introduce a system subversive of freedom," They now think it very hard, and so it is indeed, that a man of austere and aristocratical habits, to whose promotion the interests of all who were aristocratical as well as the mercantile interests had been thus sacrificed by the republican friends of the people, should afterwards be so unkind and ungrateful as to think or act in such a manner as to disoblige them.

WANTED,

A *young man of good character*, and acquainted with business. Apply to the Printer.

June 10. d.

NEW-YORK, June 10.

The ship John Morgan, captain Howard, arrived at this port on Saturday morning in 35 days from Liverpool; and has enabled us to present the readers of the Mercantile advertiser with European intelligence to the first of May, inclusive, from London papers to that date with which captain Howard has obligingly favored us. The following are amongst the principal articles they contain. Our Lloyd's Lists are to the 30th of April.

LONDON, April 26.

An article from Augsburg, dated April 7, states, that letters had been received there from Vienna, announcing the capture of Belgrade by the insurgents of Servia.

Yesterday, in the house of commons, Mr. Pitt gave notice of his intention, on Monday, to move for the appointment of a select committee to enquire into the expenditure of the army. Also, for leave to bring in a bill to continue the powers of the commissioners of Naval Inquiry. Mr. Whitebread likewise announced his intention of making a motion on his majesty's answer, on receiving the resolutions of the 8th of April. It will be of a similar tendency with that which he withdrew on the 10th.

A debate not very animated or entertaining, but certainly very important, took place on the further proceedings that are to be adopted in regard to lord Melville and Mr. Trotter. The opposition wished that the whole of the tenth report should be referred to a select committee, giving up for the present the idea of legal proceedings for an account so inadequate to the end; but reserving to themselves the right to move them, should the result of a committee justify that course. The ministerial side were desirous to take from the committee, in the first instance, the cognizance of lord Melville and Mr. Trotter, as debtors to the public, preferring the proceeding in equity, at the instance of the attorney general, against them; at the same time they contended, that if necessary, the powers of the committee might be enlarged. On the motion of Mr. Whitebread, for a large committee, and Mr. Pitt's amendment which went to define the powers of the committee a division took place, in which the numbers were:

For the amendment	229
For Mr. Whitebread's motion	151
Majority	78

April 27.

We have received Dutch papers to a late date. From the statements they give it would appear that great activity prevails in the ports of Holland, and the expedition against this country is again spoken of as an event that will shortly take place. Three ships of the line have been equipped and put in commission. A new 74 gun ship, named the Regulus, has been launched at L'Orient on the 13th instant.

The king of Spain has formally recognized Bunaparte as king of Italy.

April 29.

From the London Gazette. April 27.

"The king has been pleased to cause it to be signed by the right honorable lord Mulgrave, his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, to the ministers of neutral powers residing at this court, that the necessary measures have been taken, by his majesty's command for the blockade of the ports of Cadiz and St. Lucar; and that from this time all the measures authorised by the laws of nations, and the respective treaties between his majesty and the different neutral powers, will be adopted and executed with respect to all vessels which may attempt to violate the said blockade."

The sailing of the Toulon fleet, which took place on the 30th ult. was allowed to appear in the Paris papers on the 10th. A letter on this subject from Paris says,—— "The Toulon fleet consists of several sail of the line, four of eighty guns, six frigates and two corvettes. They have three thousand land troops on board. Their first object is said to be to attack the small English squadron under sir John Orde, off Cadiz, to form a junction with the fleet at Cadiz, and then to sail with their united force against Nelson, whose fleet has for a good while past quitted the neighborhood of Toulon. In order to engage the attention of the English in the north, and in the channel, the Brest fleet came out of port and the Boulogne flotilla, came into the Road. We expect to hear shortly too of the United squadrons at Ferrol putting to sea."

Government has at length received official accounts of the above fleet having passed the streights of Gibraltar on the 9th inst. The Donegal of eighty four guns was a head, and the Sophia sloop of war a stern, watching the enemy. The Fisgard frigate went to Ferrol, the Sir John Colpoys schr. to the Brest fleet, and a purchased fast sailing brig was dispatched immediately from Gibraltar in quest of Lord Nelson. The general opinion at Gibraltar, was that the French fleet was bound to the West-Indies; but there are reasons to suppose it rather bound for the East Indies.

In consequence of the above intelligence orders were last night sent off to Ireland, to stop for the present the sailing of the Cork fleet.

Dispatches have also been sent off to be forwarded in a fast sailing vessel to sir John Craig.

The following reports were currently in circulaton yesterday, viz.

That on Saturday last Viscount Sidmouth, resigned the presidency of the council; and at the same time, the Earl of Buckinghamshire resigned also the chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster; and Mr. Vansittart, the chief secretaryship of the state for Ireland, on the duties of which office he had entered only the preceeding day. Sir Evan Neapan has also resigned his seat at the Board of Admirality. The causes which led to these unexpected resignations, are of course variously related; but the following statement we have reason to believe, will be found the principal, and tolerably authentic:

That Lord Sidmouth, after the recent resolutions of the House of Commons, not only declined giving any further support to the measures in favor of Lord Melville, but is said to have presented in the Cabinet the necessity of the erasure of Lord Melville's name from the list of his Majesty's privy councillors. He found himself, however, in a minority of one upon this question. It was afterwards proposed to prosecute a further enquiry into the conduct of a prior Ex-Naval Minister on the ground of the Eleventh Report, which Lord Sidmouth opposed; but on this point also he was ultimately in a similar minority. The absence of his Lordship's friends from the house of commons on Friday night's debate is supposed to have been the result of these Cabinet schisms, as Mr. Pitt was informed by letter that night, that his Lordship could no longer form a part of his administration. A similar intimation was sent off to his majesty at Windsor.

That the Earl of Buckinghamshire, and Mr. Vansittart, sent in their resignations at the same time. No reason has been assigned for sir Evan Nepean quitting his seat at the admiralty, nor do we think it connected with the general rupture above stated; but arise from whatever cause it may, the public will have to regret the loss of his able, and efficient services.

That there have been some differences in the Cabinet we have no doubt; but, just after this paper was at press, we learnt that they had been adjusted.

Four Spanish frigates, with treasure from America, are stated to have recently fallen into the hands of the squadron blockading Cadiz.

Price of Stocks this day at one o'clock, Consols for money, 58 1-8 1-4; for May 58 3-8 1 2; Omnium 34.

May 1.

We yesterday stated in a part of our impression that accounts had been received in town of the Toulon fleet having got into Cadiz, and effected a junction with the Spanish division in that port. This intelligence, we now understand, was brought by the Fisguard, 36 guns, Lord Mark Ker, which arrived from Cadiz on Sunday evening at Plymouth, with dispatched for government. It is further stated that Sir John Orde, with five sail of the line, fell in with the above fleet, and had an engagement with them, but in consequence of his inferiority was obliged to sheer off. We do not vouch for the truth of this statement, but it is probable, as the fleet passed the Straits of Gibraltar on the 9th instant.

It is likewise said, that Lord Nelson, with his whole fleet, was at anchor in Cadiz Roads, where he was blockading the Toulon squadron; similar accounts have been brought to Plymouth by the Sirius, of 36 guns.

The following article, relative to the Toulon squadron, was yesterday posted at Lloyd's.

"A letter has been received at the admiralty from lord Gardner, inclosing a copy of one from vice-admiral sir John Orde to his majesty's minister at Lisbon. It appears, that on the afternoon of the 9th instant, the Toulon squadron stood close to the harbour of Cadiz, and had nearly bro't the vice admiral to action."

The king has been pleased to appoint William Bligh, esq. to be captain general and governor in chief in and over the settlement of New South Wales.

A delegation from the town of Liverpool has prevailed upon the lords of the Treasury to put that port upon the same footing as the port of London, in regard to the Warehousing system, without requiring new docks or warehouses to be constructed for that purpose. Thirty new warehouses, which have been tendered, are to be immediately licensed.

FALMOUTH, April 22.

Arrived last evening the American brig Rising Sun, captain Gould from the isle of France, with cotton &c. for orders: she has been 110 days from thence, and from the cape sixty eight days; sailed from the the isle of France in company with the French ship Charles, Morrice, with coffee, &c. from Bordeaux. The Marengo of 84 guns had got on shore in going into the isle of France, and received considerable damage, Linois had carried in there Princess Charlotte, and eighteen country ships (prizes) Mr. Marshell, 2 officers of this vessel, came passenger in the Rising Sun. The captain and crew on their parole at the isle of France, and expect to be sent home by the first vessel.

NORFOLK, June 3.

Arrived, British barque Medway, 6 days from Alexandria.

Ship Emily Burnham, 13 days from Antigua.

June 1, in lat. 32, long. 73, 11, spoke brig Sophia, Norman, from the Isle of France, bound to Baltimore.

Same day, lat. 32, 15, long. 73, 42, sloop Mary, ——, 10 days from St. Croix, bound to Providence R. I.

Brig Paragon, Ainsley, 24 days from Jamaica.

May 29, in lat. 25, 44, long. 83, spoke brig Minerva, Newell, from Jamaica, bound to Savannah, had been plundered several times on his outward passage by French and Spanish privateers. The crew of the schooner Twin-Brothers of Baltimore, captured some time since from St. Domingo, was put on board of him by a French privateer, without provision or water.

The brig Fame, of Biddleford, was picked up off Cape Maize, by the British schr. Flying-Fish, and brought in 3 days before captain Ainsley sailed; she had been in possession of the French, and on the appearance of the Flying-Fish, they scuttled and deserted her; she had lumber on deck and in the hold; several Trunks of Umbrellas, boxes of linen, Fans, Soap and Candles were found on board. Left at Port Antonio, brig Milton, Frith to sail in 10 days for this port.

Schr. Sukey, Gilbert, 5 days from Charleston.

A schooner from Norfolk bound to Charleston, run a shore on Georgetown bar, 28th May; vessel and cargo supposed will be lost.

The brig Good Friend, Savin, of and from Philadelphia, bound to Porto Rico, was captured the 16th May, in lat. 18, 30, long. 62,30, by his Britannic majesty's schr. St. Lucia, Aisquith, Commander, and carried into Antigua, on suspicion of having gun-powder on board.

The Thomas and Sarah, Dechamps, of and from Guernsey, arrived at Antigua the 18th May.

Brig Juno, hence arrived at Bordeaux in 30 days.

Jesse Hollingsworth & Son,
COUNTY WHARF, BALTIMORE,
HAVE FOR SALE,

Imperial Teas, in qr. chests and boxes		Of late importations, and FIRST quality.
Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin,	TEAS, in qr. casks.	
Long and short yellow Nankeens		
Cognac Brandy, 4th proof, old and fine		
Jamaica Rum		
Sugar		
Molasses		
Salt		
Cologne Millstones, from three feet 3 inches to 4 feet 9 inches.		
Hand do.		
Plaister of Paris		
Bar Iron and Nail Rods		
Castings		
Millington and Crowley London Steel		
German and Country do.		

Baltimore, May 24. (June 4.) eod

Just Received,
By Schr. Hiland, from Cape-Francois,
Excellent fresh Oranges and Limes
FOR SALE, BY
ABEL WILLIS.
6t
June 4.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for sale by Robert Gray, King-street.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12.

The ship Friendship, Davis, has arrived at Boston from Lisbon. A letter received by her, dated the 22d of April, says, "The French and Spanish fleets are in motion. The British fleet, unable to cope with that of France and Spain combined, contents itself for the present with now and then appearing in sight, and is waiting for the return of Lord Nelson from Egypt. The Algerines are committing depredations upon the Portuguese commerce, and this government has dispatched a fleet to attack them." The ship Boston, Pendergraft, for New-York, was to sail from Lisbon the 4th of May.

A letter from Liverpool dated May, 3d, received by the John Morgan arrived at New York, says, "Upland Cotton is this day sold at 18d. and from present appearances we should not be surprised to see it at 16d. shortly.

Highly Important.

We can inform our readers, from the best authority, that the Marquis de Casa Brujo has lately received direct information from the Governor of Porto Rico, of the arrival at that port of a small armed vessel from Cadiz, which sailed in company with a combined French and Spanish fleet; this vessel left the fleet in about 18 degrees of latitude, and was composed of 12 French line of battle ships and 3 frigates, and of six Spanish line of battle ships and a large frigate. This fleet had on board a thousand regular troops, although there was not a single transport with them. The squadron is commanded by the Spanish admiral Gravina, lately ambassador from Spain near the court of the Emperor of the French.

(Freeman's Journal.)

By the brig Merchant, captain Clark, from Honduras, information is received that the restriction on the exportation of mahogany is still continued, and that further instructions have been transmitted to Col. Gordon, the superintendant, to allow no greater quantity of logwood to be shipped in American bottoms than two tons to every ten thousand feet of mahogany; in consequence of which order the Merchant was refused a clearance, and before one could be obtained was compelled to reland the logwood she had on board, altho' laden previous to the receipt of such orders. Lumber, provisions, and naval stores are permitted to an entry: other articles are deemed contraband, and will subject the vessel and cargo to seizure in attempting to land them.

Captain Clark handed us the following: Having had the misfortune of being wrecked in the brig Merchant, whilst on passage from America to the Bay of Honduras, on the northern Triangles, reputed in all the drafts I have seen to lie in N. lat. 19, 5, and W. long. 88; I have therefore to remark that had the drafts been accurate I should have escaped the danger I so earnestly endeavored to avoid. From the actual observations I have made, together with captain Ross of the schooner Hancock, who by the same error also ran on the same reef, I take the liberty of requesting you will make public that the north end of the Triangle is in N. lat. 18, 44, so that they do not extend so far north by 21 miles as they are represented. Also that the small key on the same shoal, called Sand Key (being the south end of it) extends 18 miles farther south than laid down in the charts."

During the time captain Clark was employed in saving the cargo, and putting it on board the wreckers, he had much cause to complain of the bad treatment he received, and the pillage committed on the cargo.

[New-York Gazette.]

The officer of the British frigate Mercury, spoke by captain Vaughan of the brig Industry, informed that he had been out of Gibraltar six weeks with dispatches for the English West India islands, in consequence of the Toulon fleet being out; and that the fleet was reconnoitred by vessels from Gibraltar until it had entered the harbor of Toulon.

(N. Y. Mer. Adv.)

Captain Cook, who arrived in the Paragon, contradicts the various accounts lately published, *of the ports in Jamaica being opened for American vessels*: He adds, that the governor was authorised to open the ports to Americans whenever he tho't proper, but notwithstanding the many remonstrances from the inhabitants, he declined doing so, as he considered there was a sufficiency of provisions in the island for 12 months. In consequence of this harsh conduct, there was a meeting of the different parishes, when it was resolved that the inhabitants should wear crape for one month, on account of his precluding the American trade.

[Norfolk Herald.]

A gentleman from Liverpool, who came passenger in the John Morgan, has favored us with a copy of the following bill, which he informs passed the Imperial Parliament on the 27th April; *(N. Y. M. A.)*

A BILL,

Intituled, an act to permit the importation of goods and commodities from countries in America belonging to any foreign European sovereign or state in neutral ships, during the present War, and until six months after the ratification of a definitive treaty of peace.

Whereas by the laws now in force no goods or commodities whatsoever of the growth, production, or manufacture of America can (except in certain cases) be imported into this Kingdom but in British built ships, owned by and navigated according to law; and whereas it is expedient, under the present circumstances, to permit certain goods and commodities to be imported under certain restrictions in foreign ships belonging to subjects of states in amity with his majesty: Be it enacted by the Kings most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this act, it shall and may be lawful for his majesty, by and with the advice of his privy council, to grant licence to any British subject or subjects to import into this Kingdom for his or their own account, or for account of a subject or subjects of any state in amity with his majesty, from any country in America belonging to any foreign European sovereign or state, any goods or commodities of the growth or produce whether manufactured or otherwise, of any such country, not prohibited to be used or consumed in this Kingdom, in any ship or vessel belonging to any state in amity with his majesty, and under such rules, regulations, restriction, and securities, as his majesty, with the advice of his privy council, shall approve, and subject to the same duties as such goods and commodities would be subject to if imported in any British-built ship or vessel, and to the same rules, regulations, restrictions, and securities, penalties, and forfeitures, respecting the payment of the same; any law, custom, or usuge, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that all sugar and coffee, imported in pursuance of this act, shall be warehoused immediately on importation, and shall not be taken out of the warehouse to be used or consumed in this kingdom, but only for exportation to foreign parts: Provided always, that no such licence shall be granted to any person or persons who shall not have exported or given such security as shall be required for exporting from this kingdom according to law, to the possessions in America belonging to the same European sovereign or state, any goods or commodities bearing such proportion in value to the goods so to be imported as his majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, shall think reasonable and shall direct: Provided always, that if any question shall arise in any case whether any thing which shall be done was authorised to be done by virtue of any such licence the proof that such thing was done under the circumstances and according to the terms and conditions in such licence to be expressed, shall lie on the person or persons respectively claiming the benefit of licence.

And be it enacted, This that act shall continue in force during the present war, and until six months after the ratification of a definitive treaty of peace.

PROPHECIES.

To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser.

SIR,

According to the prediction of St. Cezaire, who in the year 1600 was bishop of Arles, in the province of Languedoc, great events were to take place between the years 1800 & 1809. Part of them have been already accomplished. He says, "There shall be war; a peace of short continuance; some partial events in some hemispheres; an almost general contention amongst the crowned heads; several scourges, as fire, shipwreck, earthquake, inundation, famine, plague, &c. God in his wrath will punish mankind, but will preserve his chosen to people the world. A new order of things will take place, and continue for a thousand years. Men will then relapse into a state of impiety, and become objects on whom the Divine wrath will be poured out."

In the year 1796 a member of the Irish parliament predicted before the whole house many events which were to happen in Europe, spoke of the troubles which afterwards broke out in Ireland, and prophecied its preservation.

Miss Labrouse, who was born in the city of Libourne, in France, foretold the revolution, the re-establishment of religion, and the tranquility which took place at the beginning of the present century.

Nostradamus, a French astrologer who wrote in the year 1500, predicted the destruction of the altar and throne. He says, in one of his phrophecies, "Between the signs of the Virgin and the Balance, shall come in a chief to reign in France; and we now witness its fulfilment. It is well known to every body that the constellation of the Virgin governs from the 22d Aug. to the 22d Sept. on which day until the 22d of Oct. it is succeeded by the Balance; and during this latter month, Bonaparte (now emperor) arrived in France from Egypt. It appears to me that he is designated in the Apocalypse and in the visions of Daniel by the name of "the great beast with ten horns, which shall destroy many kingdoms, and shall subdue the Leopard." It is evident to me that he has been placed on the throne of France to execute the decrees of Heaven. X.

Pennsylvania Politics.

From the moment that we perceived the establishment of two rival societies among the democrats of this state, both founded upon the principles of the jacobin clubs of France, we began to be apprehensive that all their exertions would be mutually directed to the destruction of each other without regard to the general welfare of the state. What we apprehended is actually come to pass. The zeal with which one of the parties set out for the support of the constitution, has already degenerated into a zeal to support the pretention, of certain individuals to offices; and the co-operation of those who wished to unite with them, without regard to party names, in perpetuating our excellent system of republican government is contemptuously spurned upon every other condition than that of admiring and supporting their favorite leaders. The preservation of the constitution is a thing in which every man, woman, and child in the commonwealth is deeply interested; but the promotion of certain factious individuals, who have already tried without success, various other methods to raise themselves to power, and have now for the same purpose attached themselves to the cause of the constitution, is a matter which we must beg leave, with all due humility, to consider as of not so great moment. We still hope and trust that every man who regards the prosperity of his country, will, on this important occasion, divest himself of every prejudice arising from party distinctions and exert himself sedulously and vigilantly for the preservation of free government: but we cannot ask him, at the same time, to take an interest in the low and paltry dissentions and personal recriminations which almost exclusively occupy the public prints of the two contending factions in this city.

When the proposition was first started by the revolutionists to abolish our political institutions, we were gratified at finding that a portion, tho' we fear but an inconsiderable portion, of the democratic party refused to join in the distructive project. Some of their earliest measures appeared to be dictated by a liberal policy, and indicated a sincere zeal for the preservation of our happy system of government. But any one who now reads their publications can hardly fail of being disgusted at finding that all their exertions are evaporating in vulgar buffoonery, and low personal abuse of a number of individuals who were recently their greatest favorites and cronies. If a comparison were to be made of the two parties, we should be compelled in truth to say that the revolutionists, in their publications, have much more the semblance of argument and rational discussion than their opponents; though nothing can exceed the profligacy and total disregard of even the semblance of principle and consistency exhibited by them in their denunciations of governor M'Kean, and others of their late favorites who are now supposed to stand in their way. A number of the very arts which they formerly affected to consider as proofs of pre-eminent republicanism, and urged as arguments in favor of Mr. M'Kean's election, are now brought forward even by majorities in our legislature, to prove in the words of their address, that, "there is no alternative but to renounce the *manor republican principles*, for both are not to be reconciled." There is in this conduct a hardihood of depravity, an unblushing disregard of even appearances, which we presume is not attainable by any man without long and arduous labor in the ways of vice.—*Nemo repentè fit turpissimus.*

(U. S. Gaz.)

CAUTION.

ALL persons are cautioned against taking an assignment of a note of hand, given by me, to George Deagan, for FIFTEEN DOLLARS, as I have already paid the same, and am determined not to pay it again, unless compelled to do so by law.

John Chafeline.

June 13. 3t

Port of Alexandria.

Arrived, schr. Harmony, captain, Roberts, 13 days from Halifax—ballast—John Tucker.

She was captured, on her homeward bound passage, from St. Martins, and carried into Halifax, where her cargo of sugars was condemned, and the vessels cleared.

Left at Halifax, ship Orleans, Butler, captured on her passage from the Straits, to Norfolk, cargo condemned, ship cleared; ship John of New York, waiting for further proof; brig Happy Couple, of New York, from St. Domingo, vessel and cargo condemned; brig Alliance, of Baltimore, cleared by giving security.

MAP OF VIRGINIA.

GENTLEMEN holding subscription papers to the MAP OF VIRGINIA, are particularly requested to return them by mail (if no private opportunity should immediately offer) to the subscriber, in Petersburg, with the subscription money received. The work is now in the hands of the engraver, and will be completed as early as possible.

The proprietors, in order to render this work the more valuable, have laid down the whole of the state of Ohio, instead of a part, as formerly advertised. The view of Richmond, taken by Mr. Bossler, the person engaged to engrave the Map, is acknowledged to be a correct and interesting landscape, and will add much to the elegance and utility of the work.

WILLIAM PRENTIS.

Petersburg, June 3, 1805.

☞ The manuscript draft is now exhibited at the City Tavern; where gentlemen wishing to patronize the work, and secure to themselves a correct geographical knowledge of the state, are respectfully invited to examine its merits.

The Subscription Books will be kept open for a few days

By Wm. DAVIS.

Alex, June 13. d

FOR SALE,

250 Acres of Land, in the district of *Columbia*, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George-Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good springs and handsome situations. I would lay off this land to accommodate those who may wish to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or sell it altogether. A small part of the purchase money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any person wishing to buy, may be shewn the land by *William Snellum*, who resides upon it; and leave their names with Mr. John Gadsby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke-street, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shucks's.

G. CHAPMAN.

June 13. 1awtf

PUBLIC SALES.

To morrow, will be sold, at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the underwriters,

One case Japanned Ware,

—CONSISTING OF—

WAITERS, &c.

damaged on board the United States, Captain Speakes.

Philip G. Marsteller.

June 13.

On Friday next, will be sold at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the underwriters,

Several bales of Ticklenburgs, &c.

damaged on board the ship Hero, captain Cole, from Bremen.

P. G. Marsteller.

June 11.

On FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 10 o'clock, will be offered for sale, on the premises,

A Lot of Ground, being part of lots No. 28 and 29, situate at the corner of Fairfax and Queen-streets, extending 45 feet 8 inches on Fairfax, and 123 feet 2 inches on Queen-street; free from all incumbrance. The terms of sale will be—One-half the purchase money in sixty days, and the remainder in six months.

June 6. d7t

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from JOHN C. VOWELL to the subscriber, will be sold, at 12 o'clock, on the *first day of July next*, at the Coffee-House in Alexandria, for ready money,

A Lot of Ground on Fairfax-street, On which the new Meeting-house stands, fronting on Fairfax street 69 feet 1 inch, and extending back 123 feet 5 inches.

JOHN DUNLAP.

June 5. dtistJy

O. P. FINLEY,

Has received per the *United States*, just from *Liverpool*, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c. which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms:—

40 doz. Wheat Scythes,
25 do. Sickles,
20 do. Spades,
23 do. Shovels,
50 faggots Crowley's Steel,
A few tons of Patent Shot,
40 or 50 doz. broad and narrow Hoes.
A few casks 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 30d. wrought nails fine drawn.

May 23. d

DOUGLASS & MANDEVILLE.

King-street,

Have just received and offer for Sale,

20 hhds. 1st. & 2d. quality brown SUGAR,
20 ditto Barbadoes Molasses,
10 ditto 4th proof Jamaica Rum,
10 hhds. Philadelphia Rye Whiskey,
5 do. N. York Lump and Loaf Sugar,
5 pipes Holland Gin,
7000 lbs. Green Coffee,
6000 wt. excellent Cheese,
20 casks Raisins,
40 boxes do.
100 gallons Havanna Honey,
Fresh Teas,
Fine and coarse SALT, &c.

☞ Old Rum Bounce.

ALSO

700 bbls. SHAD & HERRINGS.

May 16. d

SPRING GOODS

Just received, per ship Carlisle, from LONDON, and for sale, by the subscribers:

Amongst which are—

Elegant and fashionable muslin shawls; plain and colored mull, piquet, calonaje, loom japan, japan laced, fine lappet, plain and laced cambrick, jaconet and book muslins; cambrick dimities; leno; Italian sarsenets; plain India and narrow corded dimities; nankeens; jeans; crossovers; quiltings; right printed cambrics; calicoes; chintzes, &c. &c.

Many of these goods are in packages suitable for the West-India market—entitled to drawback.

R. Veitch & Co.

May 15. d

GUNPOWDER TEA.

A few boxes of the very best quality just received by

Mandeville & Jamesson.

May 15. d

Fresh Supply of *FRUIT.*

This day Received,

Per Schooner CITIZEN, *from* ST. KITTS,

ORANGES, of an excellent quality and remarkable large.
Lemons and Limes, in fine order.
Cocoa Nuts.
Tamarinds, &c.

John A. Burford.

May 10. d

REMOVAL.

JAMES RUSSEL,

Has removed his Store to Royal street, in part of the OLD EAGLE TAVERN HOUSE, *one door north of King-street; where he has just opened a fresh supply of*

German & East-India Goods,

Prints, Dimities, Checks, Irish Linens, &c. &c. which he will sell by the piece, low, for cash, or on a short credit.

May 2. d

N. B. I will let, for four years, the BRICK HOUSE I have just left, on Fairfax street.

J. R.

TO LET,

For one or more years,

The white Warehouse, on King-street, near Col. Ramsay's wharf. The situation for business equal to any in town. Apply to JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

March 29. d

EIGHT DOLLARS *Reward.*

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, living in Leesburg, Loudoun county, Virginia, on the 16th April last,

A MULATTO BOY, named *LEW*, or LEWIS, 20 years old, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender made, big jointed, large feet, fond of gaming, and a great talker: Had on, when he went away a mixt grey cloth coatee, white cassimere jacket, blue cloth overalls, oznabrig shirt, and a round hat. He was seen at the fish wharf, in Alexandria on Sunday the 21st April. All masters of vessels and others are forwarned against carrying him off at their peril. Whoever will apprehend said boy, and deliver him to me, or secures him in any jail so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expences paid.

William Taylor.

May 6. d

JUST RECEIVED, BY ROBERT GRAY,

And for Sale at his Book Store,

For Jaundice & Bilious Complaints,

WHEATON's,

GENUINE PATENT BITTERS,

Price only 58 *cents,*

Secured to him by Letters Patent from the President of the United States.

A MEDICINE extremely useful and efficacious for curing jaundicy and billious disorders and removing that sinking, faint and distressed feeling at the stomach, difficulty of breathing, loss of appetite, and sleepy, dull heaviness in the forepart of the day, weakness and trembling of the limbs, dizziness of the head, and yellowness of countenance, complaints so common to jaundicy and bilious people.

Also removing obstructions of the bowels, and of rine, cholicy complaints, pukings, and purgings, indigestion, sick head ache, rheumatic complaints, &c. which live from a collection of sour, billious matter in the stomach, and at length restoring the constitution to strength and vigor.

They are also found very useful to carry off worms, and to cure ricketty children, and may be used with safety in all constitutions, ages and sexes.

The many cures that have been effected in New England, by the above medicine (as may be seen in the bills) prevent the necessity of further recommendation.

LIKEWISE,

Wheaton's patent itch Ointment,

Price only 50 cents.

The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the ITCH, without having in it any thing either dangerous or disagreeable; it being composed mostly of ingredients never before discovered or used in that disorder.

One box cures a person, and there need be no washing after the use of it, as the skin is generally left cleaner and moother.

ALSO,

Lee's genuine Windham Antibilious PILLS.

REANIMATION.

WHEN the most important functions of life are suspended, and those who are invalids by imprudence, inheritance, accident of disease, are tottering upon the brink of the grave, *it is not in despair that relief is to be found*: There is a medicine which has restored thousands from infirmity and misery to health and happiness, which is

THE AROMATIC

LOZENGES OF STEEL.

Since this excellent medicine was first discovered by Dr. Bardwell, several thousand females have experienced its salutary effects; many of whom had been reduced to the brink of the grave having used every remedy recommended as specific in those complaints, and had made every application to the faculty that could be obtained. The following recent case is selected from a numerous list.

From Mrs. Eleanor Wadsworth, Providence, (R. I.

Sir,

WE received yours and with much pleasure comply with your request, as my daughter has certainly received very great benefit from Dr. Bardwell's Aromatic Lozenges of Steel.

In the winter of 1802 my daughter, who is in her 17th year caught a very severe cold, which with the violent fever which accompanied it, confined her to her room upwards of four months; during this period we paid for Doctors bills and consultations 150 dollars. The fever left her in the most deplorable, and debilitated state with hardly any use of her limbs, so that we were obliged to carry her from the bed to the chair. Being strongly persuaded by the Doctor we went to Ball-Town Springs and stayed the season, and thought she gained considerable strength by the use of the waters; but by the fatigue of the passage (having very rough weather) she became as weak and her cough much worse than before. During the last winter her whole nervous system has been so irritable, and her spirits so low and depressed, that death to her was desirable. In the latter end of January we saw an Advertisement recommending the Lozenges of Steel for similar complaints, we immediately purchased a packet of them, and before the whole of them were taken, they evidently produced a change in her system, which no medicine before had been able to effect; we sent for two more packets. It is now fourteen days since she began to mend; she has laid aside her crutches, has been twice to horse back, and if the weather should prove favorable we intend coming to Peeks-kill early in April to stop until we go to Balls-Town Springs: from there we will send you our address, where with pleasure we will satisfy any enquiries.

Price one Dollar per Packet.

Particular directions for their use are sealed up with each but as the great benefit to be derived from them can only be secured by having them genuine, the public are requested to observe that the name of Thomas Stokes & Co. are affixed to each packet, without which mark of authenticity they are not genuine.

The Lozenges of Steel,

are only to be had, in Alexandria, of Messrs. R. & J. GRAY.

WHO HAVE ALSO ON HAND,

A SUPPLY OF

Family & Patent Medicines,

—CONSISTING OF—

Chambaud's Antasthmatic Lozenges; Ague and Fever Drops; Antibilious Pills; Anodyne Essence for Head Achs; Reanimating Solar Tincture; Dr. Bardwell's genuine Eye Water; Atkinson's Essence of Mustard; Scotch Ointment for the Itch; Tooth Ach Drops; Aromatic Lozenges; Essence of the Woods, &c. &c.

Dr. Hunter's genuine Antibilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of Yellow, Bilious and Putrid Fevers.

Every experienced physician knows that dangerous disorders arise from a redundancy while in the habit; however salutary a due secretion of this fluid may be, yet a diffusion of it in the circulation is known, from its putrescent qualities, to bring on sudden and fatal fevers. *The unparalelled success of Dr. Hunter's Antibilious* Pills, in curing, and particularly preventing this dreadful disease is universally known in the islands, and has induced the proprietor appoint to agents in all the mercantile towns in the United States, for the accommodation of the public. The Antibilious Pills are therefore, in an especial manner, recommended as a preventative, deserving the notice of all persons going to the West Indias islands, or any of those places infected with these fevers. Dr. Hunter has every possible reason, that can result from long and extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these pills, taken once every fourteen days, during the prevalence of our fall fevers, will prove an infallible preventative, and that, if taken in the early stages of these fevers, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, may be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

In sickly times and places a dose should be taken once a fortnight, and if there is reason to apprehend personal danger, once a week.

Observe that the signatures of Messrs. Thos. Stokes and Co. is affixed to each box, without which mark of authenticity they are not genuine.

The genuine Scotch Itch Ointment.

The only medicine that cures this disagreeable disease by one application, so many thousands having experienced its efficacy; it is unnecessary to add any more arguments in its favor, but to caution the public that the name Thomas Stokes and Co. is affixed to each box, without this mark of authenticity, none are genuine.

Dr. Bardwell's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes; speedily removes inflammations, dimness, itchings, and film, it never fails to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the measles, small-pox, and fever; and is an unparalleled strengthener of a weak sight.

Dr. Hunter's genuine Antibillious Pills.

An agreeable and certain preventive of the predisposition to inflammatory and malignant fever, which prevails at particular seasons of the year. The rapid and increasing demand from every part of the United States, and the West-India islands, is the best evidence of their superior excellence.

CHAMBAUD'S

Antasthmatic Lozenges.

A radical cure for coughs, colds, asthmas and consumptions, difficulty of breathing, &c. &c.

Mr. CHAMBAUD, the sole proprietor of this medicine, has the satisfaction to announce that they have been the means of relieving many persons in a most precarious state of health. In common colds this medicine produces so salutary a perspiration that they generally are eradicated in a few hours. Coughing, being prolonged by that convulsive symptom termed the tickling in the throat, it shortens its duration by promoting sleep and strengthening the constitution. Pulmonary complaints, affecting the breast and lungs; those affected with them experience an almost immediate relief. Asthmas and confined consumptions have repeatedly been eradicated by them. Infants in the hooping-cough, and women during pregnancy, may take them without the least fear of danger, and with the greatest expectation of relief, nor can it be administered at an improper season.

Dr. BRADWELL'S

Annodyne Essence, for all kinds of Head Achs.

THE renowned virtues of the Annodyne essence, is now so generally known, that it is no presumption in the Proprietor, to say, that Head Achs, *arising from whatever cause, or however violent, instantly submit to its penetrating powers. This invaluable Annodyne, has frequently succeeded after the best advice, and every other remedy had failed; by its salutary operation, it insensibly promotes circulation and perspiration, and thereby prevents the return of the most obstinate periodical head achs.*

SPRING PHYSIC.

DR. HUNTER'S Anti Billious Pills are unquestionably proved by ample experience to be the most effectual remedy, at the same time the most innocent, pleasant, and convenient medicine for the cure of scurvy, scorbutic eruptions, leprosy, and other disorders originating from a corruptive state of the blood. The remarkable cure of Mr. Elliston, of Albany, who had been twelve years contaminated with a most distressing scorbutic complaint, as also that of Thomas Johnson, a labouring man, in the service of Mr. Van Rensselaer, who was afflicted with a most horrid leprosy, must have convinced every one who has read the particulars of these cases, besides which, a variety of proofs of their efficacy, authenticated by persons of character and respectability are open to the examination of every inquirer. These must naturally be supposed to have their due weight, and supercede the necessity of any further comment from the Proprietor, yet, he presumes to assert, that the real merits of this vegetable preparation will, on a fair trial, plead more forcible its own recommendation than any thing which can be said of it.

Where also may be had,

Atkinson's Worm destroying Lozenges.—These Lozenges not only destroy worms where they exist, but effectually prevent their return. Those families who have allowed Dr. Atkinson's advice, and used them in the Spring and Fall among their children, as their common physic, have now the happiness to find those children, which appeared sickly and consumptive, in the bloom of health, being entirely delivered from those dreadful vermin.

Sparta, Mount Pleasant,
March 27, 1803.

We hereby certify, that our daughter, about 4 years of age, has been very unwell and in a bad state of health for these last two years. We always suspected that she had worms, and had given her several worm medicines, without any good effect, so that we despaired raising her till of late. Hearing of some surprising cures being performed by Atkinson's worm destroying Lozenges, we purchased a packet of them, and administered them according to the directions. The first dose brought away only one worm, and with it a quantity of slimy, offensive matter; the second brought away four monstrous ous worms nearly half a yard in length and the third dose, large quantity of slimy offensive matter, with vomiting and purging, with which she was frequently troubled, have ceased—her regular appetite has become & has ever since enjoyed a perfect state of health for which we are entirely indebted to this excellent medicine

DR. BARDWELL'S

Re-animating Solar Tincture, or Pabulum of Life

Of the cure of Consumption and Asthma, Disorders of the Stomach and Bowels, Convulsions, Cholic and Dysentery.

Cautious in investigation, and attentive enquiry into the nature and laws of the animal economy, having long confirmed an opinion in the mind of the inventor, that all the maladies abovementioned, derive their origin from the same cause, indirect debility, or consequent weakness, the analogy of their source, by a natural inference suggested the idea of their removal by the same means; the result was the discovery of the Reanimating Solar Tincture, which after having been employed in thousands of instances, with the most unexampled and astonishing success, has obtained the warmest approbation of characters of the first respectability, both in and out of the profession; the proprietors can confidently recommend as one of the most certain, efficacious, and pleasant remedies ever discovred by man or offered to the world.

Price, 1 dol. and 1 dollar and 50 cents per bottle. The large bottle contains nearly two of the small. Copious Directions for their use are sealed up with each bottle.

Dr. Stoughton's Cordial Bitters, faithfully prepared at the original warehouse, London.

This incomparable medicine has stood the test of universal approbation in Europe for near an hundred years, in the cure and prevention of,

Loss of appetite, bad digestion, windy cholics, hysterics, hysteric vapours, faintness and trembling, ague and fever, depressed spirits, foul breath, worms in children scurvey, obstructions or stoppages, bilious fevers, sick fits, &c. &c.

☞ These Bitters being now generally used in taverns and public places, and universally acknowledged by all who have tried their effects, to be far superior to the compositions formerly imposed in imitation thereof; the proprietor hath reduced the price to those who purchase largely above fifty per cent. Directions will be pasted on the Bottles, and which will be also sealed, in order to detect counterfeits and upstart pretenders, who will all tell you, they make the genuine Stoughton's Bitters; and in order to impose their trash on the public, they sometimes copy a part of the true advertisement and directions.

Specific Drops for Deafness.

FOR many years have these drops been used with amazing success, in DEAFNESS & HARDNESS of HEARING. Those who are unacquainted with the great relief afforded by this valuable medicine, are earnestly recommened to a trial. Few are the cases in which it has not been of great service, and very often perfected a complete cure.

Copious directions for the use of the Specific Drops for Deafness are sealed up with each bottle. Price one dollar.

June 13.

For SALE and to RENT.

I wish to sell 900 acres of Land, on *Sugar Land Run*; being a moiety of 1800 acres, lying on the edge of Loudoun, and in Fairfax county, about 20 miles from Alexandria, 19 from George-Town, and about a mile and one quarter from the river—lies level—It has an abundance of fine timber on it equal to any in the county, and no tract of land can be more copiously supplied with innumerable springs of the finest water; there is a part of it laid down in fine clover paddocks, with a good orchard and several buildings fit for tenants. This land was deeded to me, several years ago, by *Ferdinand Fairfax*, Esquire—the title indisputable, as may be seen by the title papers in my possession. Terms may be known and the land shewed to any person wishing to purchase, by the subscriber.

I wish to Rent, for 5 or 6 years,

An ISLAND in the Potomac,

About fifteen miles from George-town,

Containing 216 acres; most of which is cleared: I am told, by those who have been in Kentucky, that it is equal to any land in that state, producing from 10 to 12 barrels of corn per acre in a tolerable season. A great bargain may be had in the purchase of the first mentioned tract, and in the latter on rent, provided application be soon made. Possession may be had at *Christmas*, (when the present crop will be finished) with liberty of sowing wheat this fall. It is supposed, by judges, there is a good MILL-SEAT, with a stream of water on the 900 acre tract. Any person desirous of purchasing will view it and judge for themselves.

B. DADE.

May 16. eo

RUNAWAY NEGRO.

Ranaway from the subscriber, living in Alexandria, on the 29th of May last,

A NEGRO MAN, named *SPENCER*;—about 5 feet 8 inches high, slender made, smooth skin; he is a plausible insinuating fellow. Had on when he absconded, a white round jacket and trowsers, shoes and round hat. It is probable he has changed his dress having a variety of cloathing. Whoever will take up said Negro and bring him to the subscriber, in Alexandria, or secure him in any goal so that I get him again, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS reward and all reasonable charges paid—He is a rope-maker by trade: It is probable he may travel to Baltimore or to the southward, in order to get employment. I hereby forewarn all masters of vessels and others from employing or carrying offsaid Negro, at their peril. He is hired by me from Mr. James Stewart, living in this city. If taken in Alexandria TEN DOLLARS will be paid. ☞ He is about 26 years old.

Samuel Harper.

June 11. eo5t.rawtf

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN.

Alex...

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,

at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store

RUM

10 hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and Mould and dipt Candles } in boxes,
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruffels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 10.

CANDLES.

The Subscribers have received a consignment of 100 boxes of Mould CANDLES the quality of which is stated to be extraordinary—*For sale by*

Robert T. Hooe, & Co.

☞ Who wish to draw on Boston for a few thousand Dollars at sho... sight.

May 16. eotf

JAMES SANDERSON

Has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;

10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy,
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum,
20 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
6 boxes best London Mustard, 15 doz.
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese.
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.

ALSO,

28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.

May 31. d

Mandeville & Jamesson

Are now landing, and offer for Sale,

10 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.
10 hogsheads Barbadoes Molasses.
8 hogsheads St. Croix Sugars.
English F and FF Gunpowder.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.

May 29. d

WILLIAM OXLEY

HAS ON HAND,

Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous to the purchasers, for cash or notes,

The following Articles, viz.

Superfine and second cloths
Kerseymeres and swandowns
Beaverteens and fearnonghts
Durants and callimancoes
Bombazets and wildbores
Common and boil'd camblets
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery
English extra long silk gloves
Silk twist and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marseilles
Laces, edgings and gimps
Elegant black and white lace veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peelong and silk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambrick muslins
India Jaconet do.
Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk silk and cotton slings.

January 7.